

## R 800 CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

### Power Supply

The mains input to the Receiver goes via a 2 pole power switch to the mains transformer which has three secondary windings:

1. A 12-volt winding for the panel lamps.
2. A 60-volt centre tapped winding providing after full-wave rectification + - supplies for the audio power amp section, and
3. A 30-0-30 volt winding to provide 45 volts DC for the preamp and tuner sections. A potential divider using a zener diode which is used to obtain from the 45 volts a 12 volt DC supply for the AM and FM tuner sections. The 2SC1345 transistor is used as a ripple filter providing 40 volts to the audio preamps.

There are fuses in all the secondaries for transformer protection. A fuse is used as well in the pre-amp.

### POWER AMPS

PNP transistors are used as a differential comparator; the audio input is fed to the first transistor and the feedback to the other. NPN metal can transistors are used as active loads for the differential comparator, the one NPN has its collector to ground, the other being the voltage amplifier for the entire output stage, which uses a PNP driver and a PNP output in the negative side connected as a darlington emitter follower configuration, and an NPN driver and NPN output is used in the positive side. These 4 transistors form what is known as a fully complementary symmetrical output stage.

Their input bases are bias with a 3 diode device (SV03) and a bias trim pot for idling current set (35 mA), 2 resistors and a condenser form the bootstrap constant current load for the voltage amplifier to drive the output stage. The junction of the emitter resistors is as a feed point for the differential comparator, and at the same time goes via a 5 amp fuse to the speaker selector switch to the speaker terminals and headphone socket via 470 ohm.

The headphone socket is always active regardless of speaker selection. PNP and NPN transistors are used to sense output current and voltage and if the output is short circuited will limit the drive to the output devices, thereby protecting the amplifier from overload.

Input sensitivity of the power amp is defined by the ratio of R7136 RD12 which = 500 mv for full output, and the low frequency roll off is determined by the reactance of C706 to R712 which in this circuit is 10Hz.

### PRE AMP

**Phono RIAA equalization amplifier** 2 phono inputs can be selected, both with the same input sensitivity. The RIAA amplifier uses a NPN and PNP direct coupled pair of trans-

sitors which are selected low noise types, the equalization and DC feedback are taken from the collector of the PNP back to the emitter of the input NPN transistor. This amp has a gain of 36 db (2.3 mv - 150 mv) at 1 KHz. The linearity of this direct coupled combination offers high overload capabilities (100 mv at 1 KHz).

The 150 mv nominal level is at the same level as the other functions.

The Mic amplifier uses basically the same circuit without equalization, being flat from 20 - 50 KHz with 38 db gain. The Function Switch selects AM, FM Aux 1 and 2 and Phono 1 and 2 the output of which can be mixed with the input from the mic amplifier. This audio then goes to the tape monitoring function switches.

There are two switches for the tape functions, these are mounted on the same printed circuit board as the tone control circuits. The left switch enables in the "up" position dubbing from tape 1 - 2 and in the "lower" position from Tape 2 - 1, when "centre", it is off. The right-hand switch enables monitoring from Tape 1 in the up position, tape 2 in the lower and programme source in the centre position.

The required selection will then go to the printed circuit board which contains a 2 transistor NPN, PNP direct coupled flat response amp with 12 db gain. Also contained on the same board are CR type 6 db/oct hi and low cut filters with hi cut selections of 8 KHz, 12 KHz and off and low cut selections of 70 Hz, 20 Hz and off. The switch for the loudness and bass boost, which is also on this board works in conjunction with the volume control so that the greatest effect is at low volume settings, the audio then passes on the tone control circuit.

### TONE CONTROL BOARD

The tape functions previously described are mounted on this board. An NPN transistor is used in a Lux-type active bass and treble control, operating in a virtual earth mode with the input audio at the boost point of the controls at the base of the transistor fed from the slider of the bass control via C405, the collector being the feedback point to the controls and providing the output which is at unity gain with respect to the input to drive the power amplifier.

### AM SECTION

A superhet design using a tuned RF amplifier, a mixer/local oscillator and two stages of IF amplification at 455 KHz. A ferrite rod antenna with 3 windings is used, the first winding is connected to the external antenna terminal, the second is connected to the first section of a 3 gang tuning condenser, the last winding feeding the base of the FET transistor amplifier; a clamp diode is used to protect the

input against RF overload.

A tuned RF transformer is used to couple the collector to the base of the self-mixing oscillator. The oscillator operates at 455 KHz above the incoming signal to produce the intermediate frequency, which is passed through a ceramic filter and then amplified by two further transistor IF stages. The audio is then recovered by a germanium diode detector and passed on to the pre amp via the selector switch, and the signal strength meter is driven from the audio detector output.

A voltage doubler is used to provide an A.G.C. voltage which controls the gain of the first IF amplifier; the collector of this provides an amplified AGC back to the emitter of the RF transistor. This method used provides an audio output relatively constant with varying R.F. signal strength.

#### FM SECTION

An input balun transformer matches either 300 ohm or 75 ohm antenna input to the Front end, which has a 4 gang tuning capacitor and consists of a dual gate FET for the tuned RF amp feeding, via a two-section transformer, the bi-polar transistor mixer.

A bipolar transistor "Colpitts" oscillator operates at 10.7 mcs above the incoming signal. C115 is a negative temperature coefficient condenser to stabilize the oscillator to less than 25 KHz per 10 deg. Celsius. The output is then fed via a 1 pf condenser to the mixer, the resultant 10.7 MHz passes through a double tuned IFT included in the front end module.

The front end module is well shielded to prevent any spurious radiation, and to offer good image and selectivity responses.

#### IF

The IF strip is contained on the same printed circuit board as the stereo multiplex decoder and muting circuits.

The 10.7 MHz IF intermediate frequency is amplified by a transistor then passed through a ceramic filter with a side chain A.G.C. amplifier to provide a D.C. control voltage (A.G.C.) for the RF input FET to improve the front end overload capabilities. The main chain is again amplified by a further transistor and ceramic filter providing a wide pass band with steep sides.

A differential IC with a built-in constant current source provides partial limiting, this passing through an IF transformer into the final multistage I.C. which provides hard limiting characteristics for the ratio discriminator, which provides the composite audio output for the multiplex.

A second side chain amplifier and rectifier monitors the input to the first I.C. to provide a signal strength control command as well as driving the signal strength meter.

At the audio output when the receiver is off-tuned from

centre either a positive or negative D.C. will appear which is monitored both by a centre tune meter and a bi-phase detector using one NPN and one PNP transistor which with another NPN forms an "AND" gate for one of two "shmitt" trigger circuits. The other shmitt trigger receives a command from the signal strength circuit previously mentioned. The collectors of the final transistor in each circuit form a "wired OR" gate which via the muting "On-Off" switch on the front panel controls the gate on the FET audio mute circuit if it is enabled. The composite audio passes on to the I.C. multiplex, which will derive the L and R audio output, the IC also is connected directly to the stereo indicator lamp.

The Left and Right go through L.C. type rejection filters to remove the 19 KHz pilot. These are both in one moulding.

Finally, a one transistor amplifier is used in each channel to raise the level to 400 m volts for the audio pre amp. A de-emphasis switch has been incorporated on the P.C. board for selecting either 75  $\mu$ sec. (American) or 50  $\mu$ sec. time constant.

## R-803 ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

The alignment procedure described in each chart may be performed independently, without affecting the others.

Warm up the signal generators for at least 15 minutes to make certain that they are stabilized at their operating temperature particularly generators containing vacuum tubes. Consult the instruction manual supplied with the particular test instrument for specific information concerning connection and operation.

The test equipment listed here is intended only as a guide, but alternate instruments should be of similar quality.

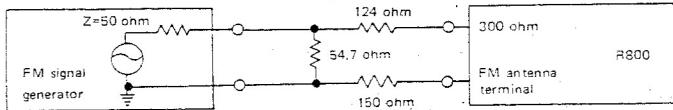
The following instruments are required for a complete alignment of the tuner.

### 1. Measurement instruments and tools

Signal source	1) FM signal generator (FMSG) 2) Sweep generator (SWG) 3) AM signal generator (AMSG) 4) FM stereo modulator (MPXSG) 5) Audio oscillator (AFO) 10-100KHz 0.2% accuracy, Dist. 0.1%	Meguro MSG-285A or equivalent JRC NJM-5217C or equivalent Meguro MSG-221C or equivalent Sound technology-1000A or equivalent Oscillation freq. range 10-100,000Hz, calibration error within 0.2%, distortion 0.1%
Output indicator	6) AM standard loop antenna 7) Oscilloscope (CRO) Mid bandwidth 5MHz 8) Distortion meter (HDM) 9) AC volt meter (ACVTVM) 10) DC volt meter (DCVTVM)	Meguro MLA-1001B or equivalent Iwatsu SS-5057V or equivalent Shibaden CR-6S or equivalent Kikusui 164 or equivalent Kikusui 107A or equivalent
Tools	11) Hex head alignment tool 12) Thin plastic shaft alignment tool	

### 2. General alignment conditions

- 1) The normal test voltage is within 10% of what is indicated on the receiver with less than 2% harmonic distortion.
- 2) Unless otherwise specified, the normal ambient temperature is 15-25°C and humidity 55-75%. But if this is not possible, 5-35°C, 45-85% will provide acceptable results.
- 3) FM dummy antenna shall be as follows if not otherwise specified. The output voltage of the signal generator is 1/4 of the unloaded terminal voltage.



- 4) Connect the low side of signal source and the output indicator to the chassis ground as close as possible to the high side connection unless otherwise specified.
- 5) The 10.7MHz marker used in each section of the alignment should be the same.
- 6) Marker insertion and amplitude should not distort the oscilloscope trace.
- 7) The AM standard loop antenna should be set above the ferrite loopstick antenna.
- 8) The output level of the sweep generator is measured by the output attenuator regardless of its terminated impedance.
- 9) FM modulation is 100% with ±75 KHz
- 10) All tuner audio output measurement are at TAPEOUT 1.

SYMBOL NO.	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL NO.	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL NO.	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL NO.	DESCRIPTION
R604	18K	R706	47K	R718	22 1W	R728	22 1W
R605	1.5K	R707	8.2K	R719	METAL OXIDE FIXED	R729	METAL OXIDE FIXED
R606	220K	R708	3.3K	R720	82	R801	
R607	3.3K	R709	3.3K	R721	1K	R802	10K
R608	68K	R710	1.5K 1W	R722	100K	R803	47 2W
R609	5.6K		METAL OXIDE FIXED	R723	1K	R804	33
R610	2.2K	R711	470	R724	100 1W	R805	100K
R611	150K	R712	1.2K	R725	METAL OXIDE FIXED	R806	820
R612	10	R713	47K	R726	100 1W	R807	
			180 1W	R727	METAL OXIDE FIXED	R808	4.7 1W
R701	5.6K	R714	METAL OXIDE FIXED	R728	0.39 5W	R809	METAL OXIDE FIXED
R702	47		47 1W	R729	CEMENT SEALED	R810	4.7 1W
R703	47	R715	METAL OXIDE FIXED	R730	0.39 5W	R811	METAL OXIDE FIXED
R704	6.8K	R716	5.6K	R731	CEMENT SEALED	R812	4.7 1W
R705	6.8K	R717	3.3K	R732	CEMENT SEALED	R813	METAL OXIDE FIXED

#### CAPACITORS

SYMBOL NO.	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL NO.	DESCRIPTION
C1	0.1 $\mu$ F 25V +80% -20% ceramic	C10	0.0022 $\mu$ F 250V
C2	0.1 $\mu$ F 25V +80% -20% ceramic	C11	4700 $\mu$ F 50V +50% -10% electrolytic
C3	0.1 $\mu$ F 25V +80% -20% ceramic	C12	4700 $\mu$ F 50V +50% -10% electrolytic
C4	0.1 $\mu$ F 25V +80% -20% ceramic	C13	0.01 $\mu$ F 250V
C5	0.1 $\mu$ F 25V +80% -20% ceramic	C14	0.01 $\mu$ F 250V
C6	0.1 $\mu$ F 25V +80% -20% ceramic	C15	0.01 $\mu$ F 250V
C7	0.022 $\mu$ F 250V	C16	0.01 $\mu$ F 250V
C8	0.022 $\mu$ F 250V	C17	1500 $\mu$ F 50V +50% -10% electrolytic
C9	0.0022 $\mu$ F 250V	C18	3300 $\mu$ F 50V +50% -10% electrolytic

SYMBOL NO.	DESCRIPTION						
C101	22PF	C106	100PF	C111	1000PF	C116	15PF
C102	47PF	C107	5000PF	C112	5000PF	C117	5000PF
C103	22PF	C108	100PF	C113	1PF	C118	5000PF
C104	22PF	C109	100PF	C114	20PF		
C105	7PF	C110	5000PF	C115	10PF		

SYMBOL NO.	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL NO.	DESCRIPTION
C201	0.01 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 50V ceramic	C226	0.01 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 50V ceramic
C202	0.04 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C227	0.04 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 25V ceramic
C203	0.04 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C228	0.01 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 50V ceramic
C204	47PF ±10% 50V ceramic	C229	0.01 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 50V ceramic
C205	0.04 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C230	0.47PF ±5% 500V ceramic
C206	0.01 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 50V ceramic	C231	470PF ±20% 50V ceramic
C207	2.7PF ±5% 500V ceramic	C232	0.04 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 25V ceramic
C208	0.04 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C233	0.04 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 25V ceramic
C209	470PF ±20% 50V ceramic	C234	0.01 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 50V ceramic
C210	0.04 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C235	0.01 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 50V ceramic
C211	0.01 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 50V ceramic	C236	0.1 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 25V ceramic
C212	0.04 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C237	2.2 $\mu$ F +75% -10% 50V electrolytic
C213	0.04 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C238	0.1 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 25V ceramic
C214	0.04 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C239	0.1 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 25V ceramic
C215	0.04 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C240	4.7 $\mu$ F +75% -10% 35V electrolytic
C216	0.04 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C241	1 $\mu$ F +75% -10% 50V electrolytic
C217	0.04 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C242	10 $\mu$ F +60% -10% 16V electrolytic
C218	470P ±20% 50V ceramic	C243	0.1 $\mu$ F +50% -20% 35V solid tantalum
C219	100P ±10% 50V ceramic	C244	4.7 $\mu$ F +75% -10% 35V electrolytic
C220	470P ±20% 50V ceramic	C245	4.7 $\mu$ F +75% -10% 35V electrolytic
C221	470P ±20% 50V ceramic	C246	4.7 $\mu$ F +75% -10% 35V electrolytic
C222	470P ±20% 50V ceramic	C247	470 $\mu$ F +50% -10% 16V electrolytic
C223	0.04 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C248	680PF ±5% 50V polystyrol
C224	0.04 $\mu$ F +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C249	1600PF ±5% 50V polystyrol
C225	470P ±20% 50V ceramic	C250	680PF ±5% 50V polystyrol

SYMBOL NO.	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL NO.	DESCRIPTION
C251	1600PF ± 5% 50V polystyrol	C501	0.033μF 50V ±10% mylar
C252	0.22μF +50% -20% 35V solid tantalum	C502	0.068μF 50V ±10% mylar
C253	0.22μF +50% -20% 35V solid tantalum	C503	2700PF 50V ±10% mylar
C254	1μF +75% -10% 50V electrolytic	C504	1500PF 50V ±10% mylar
C255	47μF +50% -10% 16V electrolytic	C505	4700PF 50V ±10% ceramic
C256	1μF +75% -10% 50V electrolytic	C506	0.033μF 50V ±10% mylar
C257	2.2μF +75% -10% 50V electrolytic	C507	47μF 10V +50% -10% electrolytic
C258	0.01μF +80% -20% 50V ceramic	C508	2.2μF 25V ±20% solid tantalum
C259	2.2μF +75% -10% 50V electrolytic	C509	10μF 16V +50% -10% electrolytic
C260	560PF ± 5% 50V polystyrol	C510	22PF 50V ±10% ceramic
C261	10μF +50% -10% 16V electrolytic	C511	2.2μF 25V ±20% solid tantalum
C262	0.01μF +80% -20% 50V ceramic	C512	220μF 25V +50% -10% electrolytic
C301	0.04μF +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C601	0.027μF 50V ±10% mylar
C302	0.04μF +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C602	1000PF 50V ±10% mylar
C303	2.2μF +75% -10% 50V electrolytic	C603	2700PF 50V ±10% mylar
C304	15PF ±10% 50V ceramic	C604	1000PF 50V ±10% mylar
C305	0.04μF +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C605	4.7μF 10V ±20% solid tantalum
C306	0.04μF +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C606	47μF 6.3V +50% -10% electrolytic
C307	0.04μF +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C607	2.2μF 25V ±20% solid tantalum
C308	0.04μF +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C608	0.04μF 50V +80% -20% ceramic
C309	0.04μF +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C609	47μF 25V +50% -10% electrolytic
C310	2.2μF +75% -10% 50V electrolytic	C701	4.7μF 10V ±20% solid tantalum
C311	0.04μF +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C702	330PF 50V ±10% ceramic
C312	15PF ±10% 50V ceramic	C703	47μF 10V +50% -10% electrolytic
C313	450PF ±5% 50V polystyrol	C704	1000PF 50V ±10% ceramic
C314	0.04μF +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C705	100μF 50V +50% -10% electrolytic
C315	0.01μF +80% -20% 50V ceramic	C706	33μF 10V +50% -10% electrolytic
C316	0.04μF +80% -20% 50V ceramic	C707	47PF 50V ±10% ceramic
C317	0.04μF +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C708	100μF 50V +50% -10% electrolytic
C318	0.04μF +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C709	47μF 50V +50% -10% electrolytic
C319	0.04μF +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C710	0.022μF 50V ±10% mylar
C320	0.01μF +80% -20% 50V ceramic	C711	47PF 50V ±10% ceramic
C321	0.04μF +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C712	0.04μF 50V +80% -20% ceramic
C322	220μF +50% -10% 16V electrolytic	C713	0.022μF 50V ±10% mylar
C323	0.04μF +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C714	0.022μF 50V ±10% mylar
C324	0.04μF +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C715	0.04μF 50V +80% -20% ceramic
C325	220PF ±10% 50V ceramic	C716	1μF 50V +75% -10% electrolytic
C326	4700PF ±10% 50V mylar	C717	0.04μF 50V +80% -20% ceramic
C327	47μF +50% -10% 16V electrolytic	C718	1μF 50V +75% -10% electrolytic
C328	0.04μF +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C801	100PF 50V ±10% ceramic
C329	4700PF ±10% 50V mylar	C802	100μF 50V +50% -10% electrolytic
C330	0.04μF +80% -20% 25V ceramic	C803	220μF 35V +50% -10% electrolytic
C331	220PF ±10% 50V ceramic	C804	330μF 25V +50% -10% electrolytic
C332	1μF +75% -10% 50V electrolytic	C805	
C401	100μF 10V +50% -10% electrolytic	C806	0.1μF 50V ±10% mylar
C402	2.2μF 25V ±20% solid tantalum	C807	0.1μF 50V ±10% mylar
C403	47PF 50V ±10% ceramic	C808	220μF 16V +50% -10% electrolytic
C404	150PF 50V ±10% ceramic		
C405	33PF 50V ±10% ceramic		
C406	33μF 10V +50% -10% electrolytic		
C407	1800PF 50V ±10% mylar		
C408	6800PF 50V ±10% mylar		
C409	22μF 10V +50% -10% electrolytic		
C410	0.04μF 50V +80% -20% ceramic		
C411	0.47μF 35V ±20% solid tantalum		
C412	47μF 10V +50% -10% electrolytic		
C413	2.2μF 25V ±20% solid tantalum		
C414	150PF 50V ±10% ceramic		
C415	33μF 10V +50% -10% electrolytic		
C416	22PF 50V ±10% ceramic		
C417	2.2μF 35V ±20% solid tantalum		
C418	2.2μF 35V ±20% solid tantalum		
C419	2.2μF 35V ±20% solid tantalum		
C420	0.47μF 35V ±20% solid tantalum		

Step.	Signal Source Connected to	Set signal to	Set Radio Dial to	Output Indicator Connected to	Adjust	Adjust for
35	Set selector switch to "AM"					
36	Connect CP1 and TP2 on PB458					
37	Sweep generator PB458 34 through 1μF mylar capacitor	± 20 ~ 25kHz sweep centred at 455kHz generator output level 3mV	Quiet point on band near 1600 kHz	Oscilloscope PB458 CP-2	F301 red core F301 blue core	Maximum amplitude, Do not adjust for two humps Symmetrical response with flat top
38						
39						
40	Disconnect CP1 and TP2 connected at step 36					
41	Adjust VR301 to mechanical center position					
42	AM signal generator Standard radiating loop antenna placed near AM built in antenna	600kHz at 400Hz 30% modulation, field strength 50dB/m	600kHz	Oscilloscope AC VTVM TAPE OUT 1	T302 core L1 core T301 core	Accurate indication of pointer on dial to within ± 1 pointer width Maximum reading on AC VTVM
43						
44						
45		1400kHz at 400Hz 30% modulation, field strength 50dB/m	1400kHz		TC3	Accurate indication of pointer on dial to within ± 1 pointer width Maximum reading on AC VTVM
46					TC1	
47					TC2	
48	Repeat steps 42 ~ 47 as necessary to obtain exact tuning on dial scale and maximum sensitivity					
49	AM signal generator Standard radiating loop antenna placed near AM built in antenna	1000kHz at 400Hz 30% modulation, field strength 45dB/m	1000kHz	VR301		Audio output level should be 14dB below what is observed with the field strength of 70dB/m

### SEMICONDUCTOR SPECIFIC CHART

TRANSISTORS ( $T_a = 25^\circ C$ )

TYPE	MAX. RATING			CHARACTERISTICS												
	$P_c$ W	$V_{ceo}$ V	$I_c$ mA	h <sub>FE</sub>			fT MHz			NF			$I_c$ mA	$V_{ce}$ V	freq Hz	$Z_g$ Ω
				min	max	$I_c$ mA	$V_{ce}$ V	typ	$I_c$ mA	$V_{ce}$ V	max dB	$I_c$ mA	$V_{ce}$ V			
2SA620K	0.2	70	50	150	320	1	6	120	1	6	0.7	0.1	6	1K	10K	
2SA640L	0.25	45	30	225	450	0.5	3	100	1	3						
2SA663Y	60	80	7000	50	120	1000	5	6	1000	5						
2SA733P,Q	0.25	40	100	135	270	1	6	180	10	6	20	0.3	6	100	10K	
2SB536L,K	20	120	1500	80	250	300	5	60	100	5						
2SC372Y	0.2	30	100	120	240	2	12	200	1	10						
2SC381R	0.1	30	20	40	80	1	6	350	1	6						
2SC535	0.1	20	20					700	5	6	5.5	1	6	100M	50	
2SC735Y	0.3	30	400	120	240	100	1	300	50	5						
2SC793Y	60	80	7000	50	120	1000	5	9	1000	5						
2SC945P,Q	0.25	40	100	135	270	1	6	300	10	6	20	0.5	6	1K	500	
2SC959L	0.7	80	700	90	150	200	5	50	150	5						
2SC1000GR	0.2	50	100	200	400	2	6	80	1	6	3	0.1	6	100	10K	
2SC1345E	0.2	50	100	400	800	2	12	230	2	12	1	0.1	6	1K	10K	
2SD38/L,K	20	120	1500	80	250	300	5	60	100	5						

FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR ( $T_a = 25^\circ C$ )

TYPE	MAX. RATING			CHARACTERISTICS							
	$P_{ch}$ mW	$V_{G1SS}, V_{G2SS}$ V	$I_{G1}, I_{G2}$ mA	$I_{DSS}$ mA			$C_{rss}$ pF	$V_{ds}$ V	NF		
				min	max	$V_{ds}$ V			typ	$V_{ds}$ V	
3SK30	+200	-15	10	3	20	10	0.6	10	2.0	10	
2SK19	200	-18	10	3	24	10	0.8	10	2.0	10	

DIODES ( $T_a = 25^\circ C$ )

TYPE	MAX. RATING			CHARACTERISTICS			
	$I_F$ A	$V_r$ V	Surge A	$I_f$		$I_r$	
				mA	$V_f$ V	μA	$V_r$ V
IS188	0.05	-35	0.5	0.004	0.1	-75	-10
IS1654	0.3	-50	1	100	1.0	0.5	-50
KB265	0.03			0.003	1.31		
SV-03	0.15			1	1.8	.10	-100
WZ-120	0.04	-12		20	0.8	0 ~ 40mA	-12
CZ-117	0.085	-11.7		20	0.85	0 ~ 85mA	-11.7
IN4003	1	-200	30	1000	1.1	5	-200
HI-FI SPECIAL	3	-400	150	3000	1.25	5	-400

### INTEGRATED CIRCUIT SPECIFIC CHART

TA7061AP

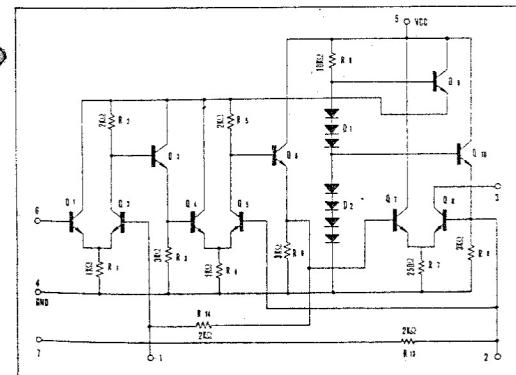
#### MAXIMUM LIMITS OF DEVICE ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Max. $V_{cc}$	$V_{cc}$	15	V
Input voltage (terminals 6-7)	$V_I$	$\pm 3$	V
Max. dissipation	$PD$	300	mW
Operating temperature ( $V_{cc} = 7.5\text{V}$ )	$T_{opr}$	-30~75	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55~125	$^\circ\text{C}$

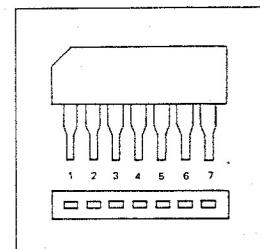
#### ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

	Symbol	Condition of measurement	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Current vs supply $V_{cc}$	$I_{cc}$	$V_{cc} = 6.0\text{V}$		11	13	
		$V_{cc} = 7.5\text{V}$		7	8.5	mA
Gain (dB)	$G_p$	$V_{cc} = 7.5\text{V}, f = 10.7\text{MHz}$	66	69	72	dB
Input impedance	$R_I$	$V_{cc} = 7.5\text{V}, f = 10.7\text{MHz}$		5		$\text{k}\Omega$
Input capacitance	$C_I$			6		pF
Output impedance	$R_O$	$V_{cc} = 7.5\text{V}, f = 10.7\text{MHz}$		10		$\text{k}\Omega$
Output capacitance	$C_O$			5		pF
Input voltage for full limiting	$V_I (\text{lim})$	$V_{cc} = 7.5\text{V}, R_L = 1\text{k}\Omega$		600		$\mu\text{V}$

#### EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



#### PIN CONNECTOR



**$\mu$ PC555A**

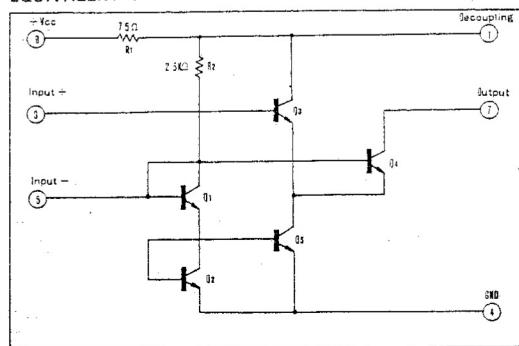
**MAXIMUM LIMITS OF DEVICE ( $T_a = 25^\circ C$ )**

	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Max. supply voltage	Vcc	20	V
Output collector voltage	V7	24	V
Input voltage	V3-5	$\pm 5.0$	V
Max. dissipation	PD	200	mW
Operating temperature	Ta	-55 ~ +125	$^\circ C$
Storage temperature	Tstg	-65 ~ +150	$^\circ C$

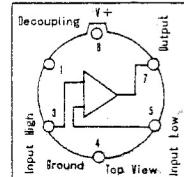
**ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION ( $T_a = 25^\circ C$  Vcc = 12V)**

	Symbol	Condition of measurement	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Power dissipation	PD	$e_{in} = 0$		110	170	mW
Output collector current	I7	$e_{in} = 0$	1.9	2.5	3.1	mA
Peak to peak current	iopp	$e_{in} = 400\text{mVrms}$ $f \leq 1\text{KHz}$	3.6			mA P-P
Output saturation	Vo(SAT)				1.7	V
Forward transfer admittance		$e_{in} = 10\text{mV rms}$ $f \leq 1\text{KHz}$	29	35		mV
Input conductance	gin	$e_{in} \leq 10\text{mV rms}$ $f \leq 5\text{MHz}$		0.30	0.43	mV
Input capacitance	cin	$e_{in} \leq 10\text{mV rms}$ $f \leq 5\text{MHz}$			16	PF
Output capacitance	Co	$f \leq 5\text{MHz}$		2.0	3.0	PF
Output conductance	go	$e_{o} \leq 10\text{mV rms}$ $f \leq 5\text{MHz}$		0.015	0.04	mV
Voltage gain	Gv	$f = 10.7\text{MHz}$ $R_L = 1\text{k}\Omega$ $R_{in} = 50\Omega$	31			dB

**EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT**



**PIN CONNECTOR  
(Top view)**



$\mu$ PC554C

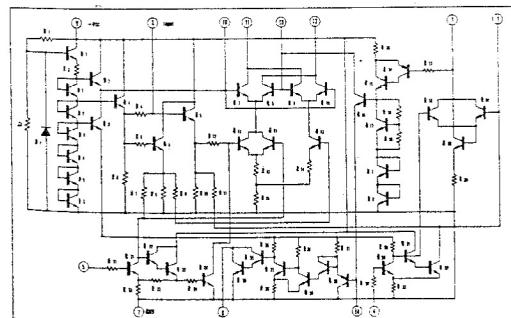
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	15	V
Max. device current	I <sub>cc</sub>	18	mA
Lamp driver current, max.	I <sub>L</sub>	100	mA
Device dissipation, max.	P <sub>D</sub>	400	mW
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	0~±75	°C
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	40~±125	°C

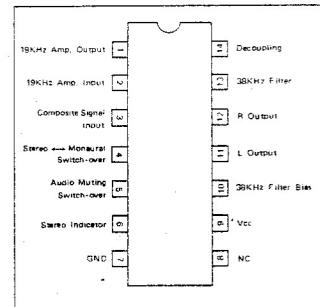
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{cc} = +9.0\text{V}$ )

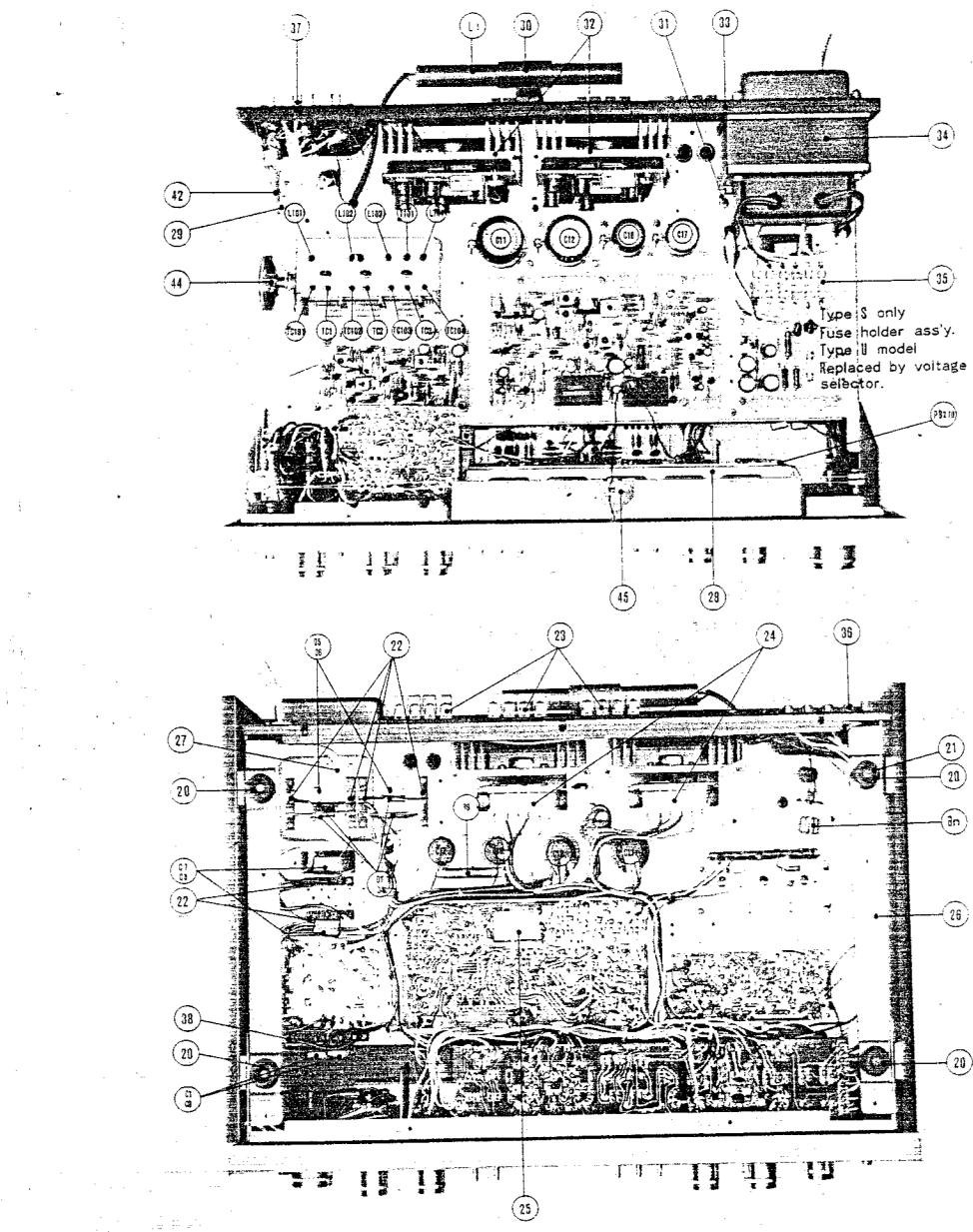
	Symbol	Circuit for measurement	Condition of measurement	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Circuit current	I <sub>cc</sub>	1	at zero signal		10	18	mA
Input impedance	Z <sub>i</sub>	1			20		kΩ
Separation			f = 100Hz f = 1KHz f = 10KHz		35 45 30		dB
Gain (dB)	A <sub>v</sub>	1	38KHz B.E.F.		-1.5		dB
Channel balance	ch. B	1	(Mono)		0.2	2.0	dB
Distortion	T.H.D.		(Mono)		0.5	1.0	%
Audio / muting changeover level	Mute OFF	1			0.85	1.00	V
	Mute ON	1			1.00	1.08	
Sensitivity of Stereo indicator lamp	Lamp ON	1	(Pilot level)		12		mV
	Lamp OFF	1			8.4		
Stereo / mono Changeover level	STEREO	1			1.00	1.13	V
	MONO	1			0.82	1.00	
AM suppression	19KHz		(within 1KHz)		30		dB
	38KHz				25		
SCA rejection	SCA Rejection				55		dB
Muting		1			45	55	dB

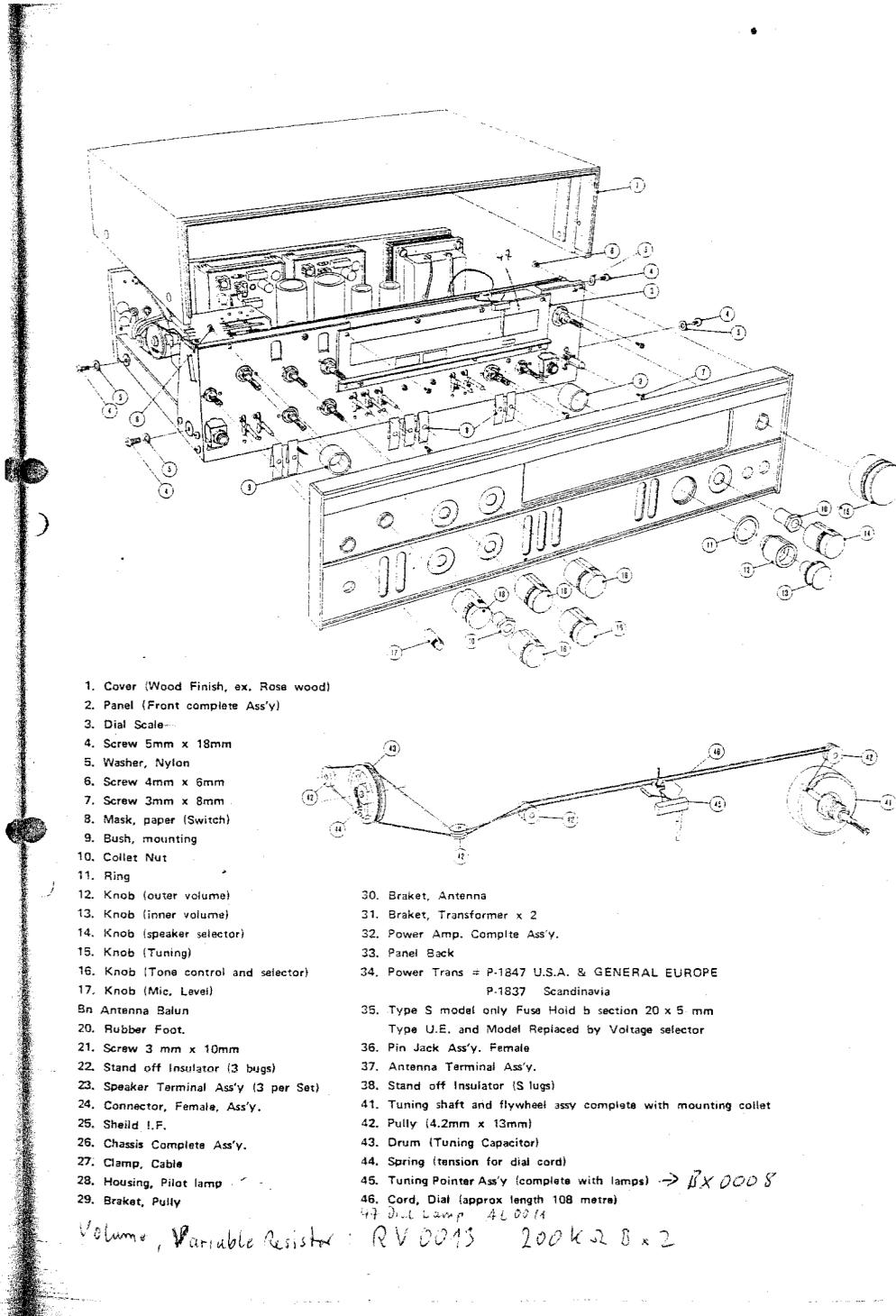
EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



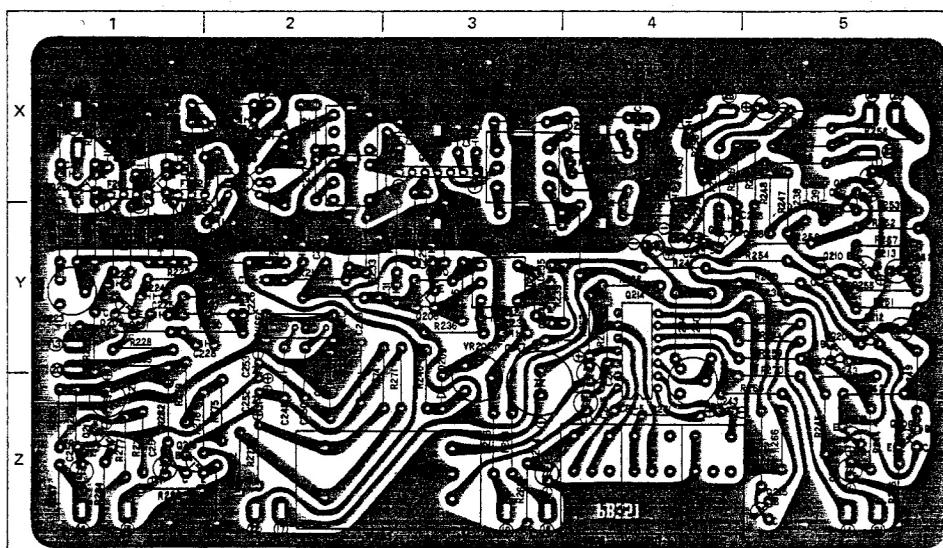
PIN CONNECTOR (Top view)







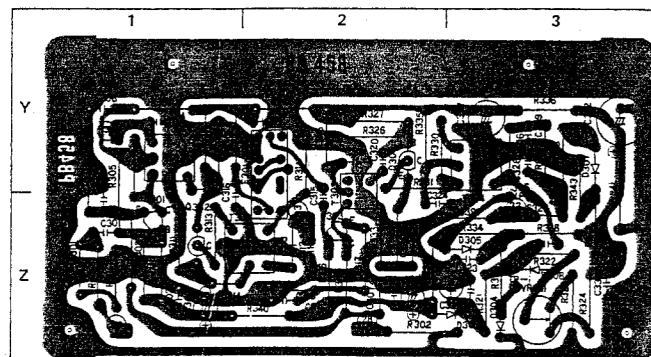
PB-351



## PB-351 Component Location

R201	.....	Y1	R234	.....	Y3	R267	.....	Z5	C201	.....	X1	C234	.....	Y3	VR201	.....	Y1
R202	.....	X1	R235	.....	Y3	R268	.....	Y4	C202	.....	X1	C235	.....	Y3	VR202	.....	Y3
R203	.....	X1	R236	.....	Y3	R269	.....	Z5	C203	.....	X1	C236	.....	Y5	VR203	.....	Y4
R204	.....	Y1	R237	.....	Y3	R270	.....	Y5	C204	.....	X1	C237	.....	Z5			
R205	.....	Y1	R238	.....	Z3	R271	.....	Z3	C205	.....	Y2	C238	.....	Y5	Q201	.....	X1
R206	.....	Y1	R239	.....	Y4	R272	.....	Z2	C206	.....	X2	C239	.....	Y5	Q202	.....	X1
R207	.....	X1	R240	.....	Z3	R273	.....	Z2	C207	.....	X2	C240	.....	Y5	Q203	.....	X2
R208	.....	X1	R241	.....	Y4	R274	.....	Z3	C208	.....	X2	C241	.....	X5	Q204	.....	X3
R209	.....	Y1	R242	.....	Z5	R275	.....	Z2	C209	.....	Y2	C242	.....	Y5	Q205	.....	Y1
R210	.....	X2	R243	.....	Z5	R276	.....	Z1	C210	.....	X3	C243	.....	Z4	Q206	.....	Y3
R211	.....	Y2	R244	.....	Z5	R277	.....	Z1	C211	.....	Y2	C244	.....	Z3	Q207	.....	Y5
R212	.....	X2	R245	.....	Z5	R278	.....	Z1	C212	.....	X3	C245	.....	Z4	Q208	.....	Z5
R213	.....	Y2	R246	.....	Z5	R279	.....	Z1	C213	.....	X3	C246	.....	Y4	Q209	.....	Z5
R214	.....	X2	R247	.....	Y5	R280	.....	Z1	C214	.....	Y3	C247	.....	Z3	Q210	.....	Y5
R215	.....	X3	R248	.....	Y5	R281	.....	Z2	C215	.....	Y3	C248	.....	Z2	Q211	.....	Y5
R216	.....	Y2	R249	.....	Z5	R282	.....	Z1	C216	.....	Y2	C249	.....	Y2	Q212	.....	Y5
R217	.....	Y3	R250	.....	Y5	R283	.....	Z1	C217	.....	Y2	C250	.....	Z2	Q213	.....	Y5
R218	.....	Y4	R251	.....	Y5	R284	.....	Z1	C218	.....	Y4	C251	.....	Z2	Q214	.....	Y4
R219	.....	X4	R252	.....	Y5	R285	.....	Y1	C219	.....	X4	C252	.....	Z2	Q215	.....	Z5
R220	.....	X4	R253	.....	Y5	R286	.....	Z1	C220	.....	X4	C253	.....	Y2	Q216	.....	Z1
R221	.....	X4	R254	.....	Y5	R287	.....	Z1	C221	.....	X4	C254	.....	Z1	Q217	.....	Z1
R222	.....	Y4	R255	.....	Y5	R288	.....	Z3	C222	.....	Y1	C255	.....	Z1	Q218	.....	Y4
R223	.....	X4	R256	.....	Y5	R289	.....	X1	C223	.....	Y1	C256	.....	Z1			
R224	.....	X4	R257	.....	Y5	R290	.....	X4	C224	.....	Y1	C257	.....	Y4	D201	.....	X1
R225	.....	Y1	R258	.....	X5	R291	.....	X4	C225	.....	Y1	C258	.....	Y4	D202	.....	X2
R226	.....	Y1	R259	.....	Y5	R292	.....	X5	C226	.....	Y2	C259	.....	Y4	D203	.....	Y2
R227	.....	Y1	R260	.....	Z3	R293	.....	X5	C227	.....	Y1	C260	.....	Y4	D204	.....	X3
R228	.....	Y1	R261	.....	Z4	R294	.....	Y4	C228	.....	Y1	C261	.....	X5	D205	.....	X4
R229	.....	Y1	R262	.....	Y4	R295	.....	X5	C229	.....	Y3	C262	.....	X4	D206	.....	Y2
R230	.....	Y2	R263	.....	Y4	R296	.....	X4	C230	.....	Y3				D207	.....	Y2
R231	.....	Y1	R264	.....	Y5	R297	.....	Y4	C231	.....	Y3				D208	.....	Y3
R232	.....	Y2	R265	.....	Y5	R298	.....	X4	C232	.....	Y3				D209	.....	Z3
R233	.....	Y2	R266	.....	Z5				C233	.....	Y3				D210	.....	X5

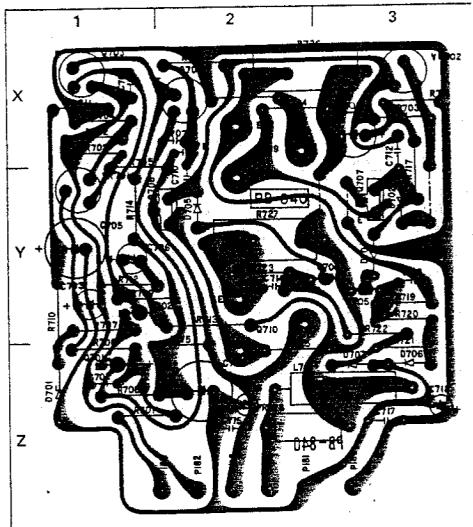
PB-458



## PB-458 Component Location

F201 .....	X1	CP-1 .....	X1	R300 .....	Z1	R333 .....	Z2	C322 .....	Y3	(27) .....	Z1
F202 .....	X1	CP-2 .....	X2	R301 .....	Z1	R334 .....	Z3	C323 .....	Z3	(28) .....	Z2
F203 .....	Z2	CP-3 .....	Y2	R302 .....	Z2	R335 .....	Y2	C324 .....	Z2	(29) .....	Z3
		CP-4 .....	Y3	R303 .....	Z1	R336 .....	Y3	C325 .....	Y3	(30) .....	Z3
T201 .....	X2	CP-5 .....	Z4	R304 .....	Y1	R337 .....	Y3	C326 .....	Y3	(31) .....	Y3
T202 .....	X2			R305 .....	Y1	R338 .....	Y3	C327 .....	Y3	(32) .....	Z3
T203 .....	X3			R306 .....	Y1	R339 .....	Z3	C328 .....	Z3	(33) .....	Z2
T204 .....	Y3			R307 .....	Y1	R340 .....	Z2	C329 .....	Y3	(34) .....	Y1
T205 .....	Z4			R308 .....	Z1	R341 .....	Y3	C330 .....	Z3	(35) .....	Z1
T206 .....	Z4			R309 .....	Y1	R342 .....	Z3	C331 .....	Z3		
T207 .....	Z4			R310 .....	Y1	R343 .....	Y3	C332 .....	Z3	CP-1 .....	Z2
				R311 .....	Z1					CP-2 .....	Y3
(11) .....	X1			R312 .....	Z2	C301 .....	Z1	VR301 .....	Z3		
(12) .....	X1			R313 .....	Z1	C302 .....	Z1			TP-1 .....	Z3
(13) .....	Y1			R314 .....	Y2	C303 .....	Z1	Q301 .....	Z1		
(14) .....	Z5			R315 .....	Y1	C304 .....	Y1	Q302 .....	Z1		
(15) .....	Z1			R316 .....	Z2	C305 .....	Z1	Q303 .....	Z2		
(16) .....	Z1			R317 .....	Z2	C306 .....	Y1	Q304 .....	Y2		
(17) .....	Z2			R318 .....	Z2	C307 .....	Z2				
(18) .....	Z3			R319 .....	Y2	C308 .....	Y1	D301 .....	Z1		
(19) .....	Z3			R320 .....	Z2	C309 .....	Y2	D302 .....	Z1		
(20) .....	Y1			R321 .....	Z3	C310 .....	Z2	D303 .....	Z2		
(21) .....	Z5			R322 .....	Z3	C311 .....	Z2	D304 .....	Z3		
(22) .....	Z2			R323 .....	Z3	C312 .....	Z2	D305 .....	Z3		
(23) .....	X5			R324 .....	Z3	C313 .....	Z2	D306 .....	Y3		
(24) .....	X5			R325 .....	Y2	C314 .....	Z1	D307 .....	Y3		
(25) .....	X4			R326 .....	Y2	C315 .....	Z2				
(26) .....	X5			R327 .....	Y2	C316 .....	Y1	F301 .....	Y2		
(36) .....	X5			R328 .....	Z3	C317 .....	Z3				
				R329 .....	Z3	C318 .....	Z2	T301 .....	Y1		
				R330 .....	Y2	C319 .....	Y2	T302 .....	Z1		
				R331 .....	Y2	C320 .....	Y2	T303 .....	Y2		
				R332 .....	Z2	C321 .....	Z2	T304 .....	Y3		

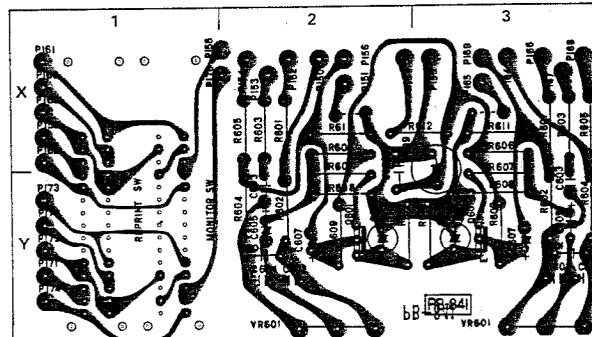
PB-840



PB-840 Component Location

R701	.....	Z1	C701	.....	Z1	D701	.....	Z1
R702	.....	X1	C702	.....	Z1	D702	.....	Y3
R703	.....	X1	C703	.....	Y1	D703	.....	X3
R704	.....	X1	C704	.....	X1	D704	.....	Y3
R705	.....	X1	C705	.....	Y1	D705	.....	Y2
R706	.....	Z1	C706	.....	Y1	D706	.....	Z3
R707	.....	Y1	C707	.....	X2	D707	.....	Z3
R708	.....	Z1	C708	.....	Z2			
R709	.....	Y1	C709	.....	X3	L701	.....	Z3
R710	.....	Y1	C710	.....	Y2	VR701	.....	Y1
R711	.....	X1	C711	.....	X2	VR702	.....	X3
R712	.....	Y1	C712	.....	X3			
R713	.....	Y2	C713	.....	Y3	P180	.....	Z3
R714	.....	Y1	C714	.....	Y2	P181	.....	Z2
R715	.....	Z2	C715	.....	Z2	P182	.....	Z2
R716	.....	X3	C716	.....	Z2	P183	.....	Z2
R717	.....	X3	C717	.....	Z3	P184	.....	Z2
R718	.....	X2	C718	.....	Z3	P185	.....	Z1
R719	.....	Y3						
R720	.....	Y3	Q701	.....	Z1			
R721	.....	Z3	Q702	.....	Y1			
R722	.....	Z3	Q703	.....	X1			
R723	.....	Y2	Q704	.....	X2			
R724	.....	X2	Q705	.....	Y3			
R725	.....	Z2	Q706	.....	Y3			
R726	.....	X2	Q707	.....	Y3			
R727	.....	Y2	Q708	.....	Y2			
R728	.....	Z2	Q709	.....	X2			
			Q710	.....	Y2			

PB-841



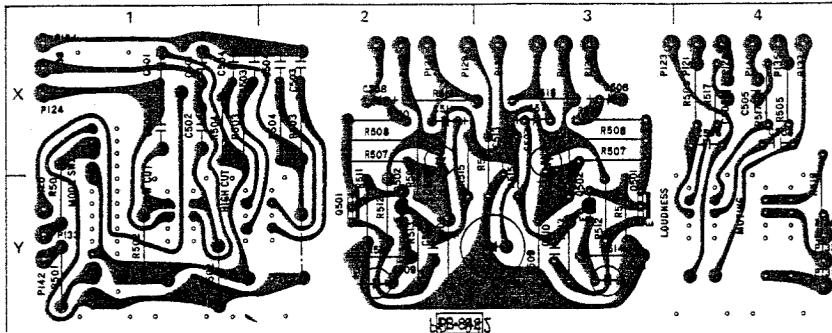
PB-841 Component Location

R601	.....	X3, X2	P150	.....	X2
R602	.....	Y3, Y2	P151	.....	X2
R603	.....	X3, X2	P152	.....	X2
R604	.....	Y3, Y2	P153	.....	X2
R605	.....	X3, X2	P154	.....	X2
R606	.....	X3, X2	P155	.....	X3
R607	.....	X3, X2	P156	.....	X2
R608	.....	Y3, Y2	P157	.....	X2
R609	.....	Y3, Y2	P158	.....	X1
R610	.....	Y3, Y2	P159	.....	X1
R611	.....	X3, X2	P160	.....	X1
R612	.....	X3	P161	.....	X1
			P162	.....	X1
C604	.....	Y3, Y2	P163	.....	X1
C602	.....	Y3, Y2	P164	.....	X3
C603	.....	Y3, Y2	P165	.....	X3
C604	.....	Y3, Y2	P166	.....	X3
C605	.....	Y3, Y2	P167	.....	X3
C606	.....	Y3, Y2	P168	.....	X3
C607	.....	Y3, Y2	P169	.....	X3
C608	.....	X2	P170	.....	X1
C609	.....	X3	P171	.....	Y1
			P172	.....	Y1
Q601	.....	Y3, Y2	P173	.....	Y1
VR601	.....	Y3, Y2	P174	.....	Y1
			P175	.....	Y1

REPRINT SW ... Y1

MONITOR SW .. Y1

PB-842



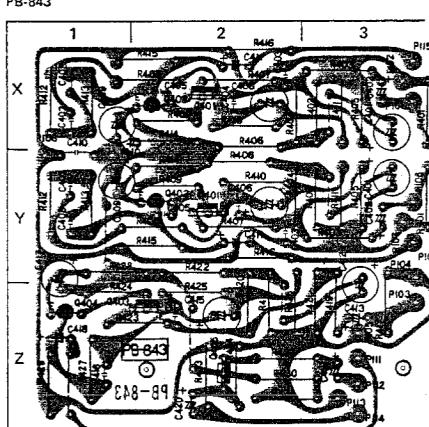
PB-842 Component Location

R501 .....	Y1	R514 .....	Y2, Y3	C507 .....	X2, X3	MUTING SW....	Y4	P131 .....	Y4
R502 .....	Y1	R515 .....	X2, X3	C508 .....	X2, X3			P132 .....	Y4
R503 .....	X2, X1	R516 .....	X2, X3	C509 .....	Y2, Y3	P120 .....	Y1	P133 .....	Y1
R504 .....	X2, X1	R517 .....	X4	C510 .....	Y2, Y3	P121 .....	X4	P134 .....	X1
R505 .....	X4	R518 .....	X3	C511 .....	X2, X3	P122 .....	X2	P135 .....	X4
R506 .....	X2, X3	R519 .....	Y4	C512 .....	Y3	P123 .....	X3	P136 .....	X3
R507 .....	X2, X3			C513 .....	X3	P124 .....	X1	P137 .....	X4
R508 .....	X2, X3	C501 .....	X1			P125 .....	X2	P138 .....	X1
R509 .....	Y2, Y3	C502 .....	X1	Q501 .....	Y2, Y3	P126 .....	X4	P139 .....	X3
R510 .....	X2, X3	C503 .....	X1, X2	Q502 .....	Y2, Y3	P127 .....	X3	P140 .....	X4
R511 .....	X2, X3	C504 .....	X1, X2			P128 .....	X2	P141 .....	X3
R512 .....	Y2, Y3	C505 .....	X4	LOW CUT SW... Y1		P129 .....	X2	P142 .....	Y1
R513 .....	Y2, Y3	C506 .....	X3	HIGH CUT SW... Y1		P130 .....	Y4		

PB-842 Component Location

R401 .....	X3, Y3	R433 .....	Z2	P103 .....	Z3
R402 .....	X3, Y3	R434 .....	Z2	P104 .....	Y3
R403 .....	X3, Y3			P105 .....	Z3
R404 .....	X2, Y3	C401 .....	X3, Y3	P106 .....	Y3
R405 .....	X3, Y3	C402 .....	X3, Y3	P107 .....	Y3
R406 .....	X2, Y2	C403 .....	X2, Y2	P108 .....	Y1
R407 .....	X2, Y2	C404 .....	X2, Y2	P109 .....	Y3
R408 .....	X2, Y2	C405 .....	X2, Y2	P110 .....	Y1
R409 .....	X2, Y2	C406 .....	X2, Y2	P111 .....	Z3
R410 .....	X2, Y2	C407 .....	X1, Y1	P112 .....	Z3
R411 .....	X3, Y3	C408 .....	X1, Y1	P113 .....	Z3
R412 .....	X1, Y1	C409 .....	X1, Y1	P114 .....	Z3
R413 .....	X1, Y1	C410 .....	Y1	P115 .....	X3
R414 .....	X2, Y2	C411 .....	X2, Y2		
R415 .....	X2, Y2	C412 .....	Y3		
R416 .....	X2, Y2	C413 .....	Z3		
R417 .....	Z3	C414 .....	Z2		
R418 .....	Z2	C415 .....	Z2		
R419 .....	Z3	C416 .....	Z1		
R420 .....	Z2	C417 .....	Y1		
R421 .....	Z3	C418 .....	Z1		
R422 .....	Y2	C419 .....	Z3		
R423 .....	Z1	C420 .....	Z2		
R424 .....	Z1				
R425 .....	Z2	Q401 .....	X2, Y2		
R426 .....	Z2	Q402 .....	X2, Y2		
R427 .....	Z1	Q403 .....	Z2		
R428 .....	Y1	Q404 .....	Z1		
R429 .....	Z1	Q405 .....	Z2		
R430 .....	Z2	P101 .....	X3		
R431 .....	Z2	P102 .....	X3		

PB-843



PB-843 Component Location

REPLACEMENT PARTS

RESISTORS:  $\pm 10\%$   $\frac{1}{4}$  watt deposited carbon, unless noted otherwise

SYMBOL NO.	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL NO.	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL NO.	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL NO.	DESCRIPTION
R1	8.2K	R236	1K	R300	150 $\Omega$	R410	27K
R2	33K	R237	1K	R301	560 $\Omega$	R411	LOW NOISE 820
R3	33K	R238	10 $\Omega$	R302	$\frac{1}{2}W$ 390 $\Omega$	R412	LOW NOISE 39K
R4	8.2K	R239	1K	R303	10K	R413	LOW NOISE 470K
R5	180K	R240	1.8K	R304	560 $\Omega$	R414	1.5K
R6	180K	R241	47K	R305	8.2K	R415	10K
R7	180K	R242	22 $\Omega$	R306	22K	R416	150K
R8	180K	R243	33K	R307	12K	R417	82K
R9	150 - 5W METAL OXIDE FIXED	R244	33K	R308	1K	R418	LOW NOISE 22K
R10	680 - 1W METAL OXIDE FIXED	R245	6.8K	R309	2.2K	R419	3.9K
R11	680 - 1W METAL OXIDE FIXED	R246	220 $\Omega$	R310	12K	R420	LOW NOISE 560K
R12		R247	100K	R311	2.2K	R421	LOW NOISE 820K
R13		R248	100K	R312	4.7K	R422	120K
R14		R249	47K	R313	22 $\Omega$	R423	180
R15		R250	12K	R314	68K	R424	LOW NOISE 47K
R16	100K	R251	39 $\Omega$	R315	560 $\Omega$	R425	LOW NOISE 12K
R17	22 $\Omega$	R252	39 $\Omega$	R316	4.7K	R426	270
R18	22K	R253	47K	R317	220 $\Omega$	R427	LOW NOISE 110K
R19	4.7K	R254	47K	R318	560 $\Omega$	R428	3.3K
R20	1K	R255	2.7K	R319	100 $\Omega$	R429	33K
R21	220 $\Omega$	R256	2.7K	R320	10K	R430	470K
R22	1M	R257	39K	R321	47K	R431	680K
R23	100 $\Omega$	R258	$\frac{1}{2}W$ 2.2K	R322	15K	R432	4.7K
R24	10K	R259	100K	R323	470 $\Omega$	R433	150K
R25	10K	R260	4.7K	R324	8.2K	R434	10K
R26	100 $\Omega$	R261	47 $\Omega$	R325	4.7K	R435	LOW NOISE
R27	3.3K	R262	3.9K	R326	3.3K	R436	270
R28		R263	3.9K	R327	22K	R437	LOW NOISE 110K
R29	1.8K	R264	10 $\Omega$	R328	3.9K	R438	LOW NOISE 12K
R30	560 $\Omega$	R265	15K	R329	150 $\Omega$	R439	680K
R31	1K	R266	15K	R330	33K	R440	LOW NOISE 12K
R32	470 $\Omega$	R267	$\frac{1}{2}W$ 390 $\Omega$	R331		R441	LOW NOISE 12K
R33	1.5K	R268	100 $\Omega$	R332	100 $\Omega$	R442	3.3K
R34	2.2K	R269	39K	R333	100 $\Omega$	R443	470K
R35	680 $\Omega$	R270	100K	R334	10K	R444	680K
R36	1K	R271	36K	R335	100 $\Omega$	R445	12K
R37	470 $\Omega$	R272	3.3K	R336	220 $\Omega$	R446	12K
R38	560 $\Omega$	R273	3.3K	R337	2.2K	R447	12K
R39	470 $\Omega$	R274	36K	R338	2.7K	R448	12K
R40	22K	R275	150K	R339	470 $\Omega$	R449	12K
R41	470 $\Omega$	R276	18K	R340	4.7K	R450	10K
R42	470 $\Omega$	R277	18K	R341	$\frac{1}{2}W$ 680 $\Omega$	R451	1M
R43	2.2K	R278	150K	R342	4.7K	R452	1M
R44	47K	R279	100K	R343	33 $\Omega$	R453	1M
R45	390 $\Omega$	R280	100K	R344		R454	12K
R46	1K	R281	1.2K	R401	LOW NOISE	R455	22K
R47	1K	R282	10K	R402	LOW NOISE	R456	470K
R48	1K	R283	10K	R403	LOW NOISE	R457	680K
R49	47 $\Omega$	R284	1.2K	R404	LOW NOISE	R458	68K
R50	100 $\Omega$	R285	470 $\Omega$	R405	1M	R459	68K
R51	6.8K	R286	470K	R406	3.9K	R460	4.7K
R52	6.8K	R287	470K	R407	LOW NOISE	R461	82K
R53	22K	R288	3.9K	R408	680K	R462	6.8K
R54	3.3K	R289	10K	R409	LOW NOISE	R463	22K
R55	1K	R290	33K	R410	1M	R464	1K
R56	4.7K	R291	1M	R411	120K	R465	5.6K
R57	1K	R292	47K	R412	180	R466	150K
R58	10K	R293	100K	R413	470	R467	27K
R59	100K	R294	8.2K	R414	LOW NOISE	R468	100
R60	15K	R295	100K	R415	47K	R469	6.8K
R61	2.2K	R296	220K	R416	LOW NOISE	R470	1.5K
R62	1K	R297	220K	R417	LOW NOISE	R471	18K
R63	15K	R298	33K	R418	LOW NOISE	R472	2.2K

Step.	Signal Source Connected to	Set signal to	Set Radio Dial to	Output Indicator Connected to	Adjust	Adjust for
1	Set selector switch to "FM", muting switch to "off", and turn power switch "on"					
2				DC V1VM PB351 (17)		Check that voltage is between 11.5 ~ 12.3V
3	Sweep generator PB351 (11)	+400kHz sweep centred at 10.7MHz generator output level 90~100dB		Quiet point on band		Check each part voltage is necessary
4				Oscilloscope PB351 CP-2		Due to the fixed frequency of the ceramic filters, find the centre frequency of a symmetrical band pass response. Make a note of it (for example 10.75MHz)
5				Oscilloscope PB351 CP-3	T201 T202 core	Symmetrical response centred at the frequency noted by step 4
6				Oscilloscope PB351 CP-4	T204 core	
7	Fm signal generator Across FM antenna terminals (300Ω) through matching network	Reduce the output level to zero (interstation receiving condition) 93MHz at 400Hz 100% modulation, output level 1mV	93MHz	Oscilloscope PB351 (23)	T203 top core T203 bottom core	Maximum linearity and amplitude of "S" curve centred at the frequency noted by step 4
8				Oscilloscope PB351	T203 top core	Centre indication of the tuning meter
9				Oscilloscope PB351 Distortion meter AC V1VM TAPE OUT 1	T203 bottom core	Minimum distortion. At the minimum distortion setting, the output level must be within 1/2dB of peak output.
10	Repeat steps 8 and 9 as necessary to obtain maximum output level and minimum distortion at centre point of tuning meter and the meter must also shows centre at interstation state.					
11	FM signal generator Across FM antenna terminals (300Ω) through matching network	88MHz at 400Hz 100% modulation, generator output level 1mV	88MHz	Oscilloscope Distortion meter AC V1VM TAPE OUT 1	T204 core	The signal strength meter must indicate its maximum, at the same time as the centre tune meter indicates centre
12					L104	Accurate indication of pointer on dial to within ± 1 pointer width
13		108MHz at 400Hz 100% modulation, generator output level 1mV	108MHz		TC104	
14		88MHz at 400Hz 100% modulation, generator output level 5 ~ 10µV	88MHz		T101 top core T101 bottom core	Maximum indication of signal strength meter
15					L101	

Step.	Signal Source Connected to	Set signal to	Set Radio Dial to	Output Indicator Connected to	Adjust	Adjust for
16	FM signal generator Across FM antenna terminals (300Ω) through matching network	88MHz at 400Hz 100% modulation, generator output level 5 ~ 10μV	88MHz	Oscilloscope Distortion meter AC VITM TAPE OUT 1	L102 L103 TC101 TC102 TC103	Maximum indication of signal strength meter
17						
18						
19						
20						
21	Repeat steps 11 ~ 20 as necessary to obtain correct tuning on dial scale and the maximum indication of signal meter with uniform sensitivity throughout the band					
22	FM signal generator Across FM antenna terminals (300Ω) through matching network	Reduce the output level to zero (interstation receiving condition) 93MHz at 400Hz 100% modulation, output level 1mV	93MHz	Oscilloscope Distortion meter AC VITM TAPE OUT 1	T203 top core T203 bottom core	Center indication of the tuning meter
23						
24						
25						
26						
27	Set muting switch "On"					
28	FM signal generator Across FM antenna terminals (300Ω) through matching network	98MHz at 400Hz 100% modulation generator output level 7μV	98MHz	Oscilloscope AC VITM TAPE OUT 1	VR202	Fix VR202 at the point where output signals appear (muting adjustment)
29						
30						
31						
32	Repeat steps 29 ~ 31 as necessary for alignment of perfect tuning					
33	FM signal generator Across FM antenna terminals (300Ω) through matching network	98MHz at 19kHz 10% (L-R) 400Hz 45% output level 1mV	98MHz	Oscilloscope AC VITM TAPE OUT 1	T206 core VR203	To obtain peak output voltage
34						

#### TRANSISTORS & IC

SYMBOL NO.	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL NO.	DESCRIPTION
Q101	FM RF AMPLIFIER	3SK30	Q401
Q102	FM MIXER	2SC535	PHONO AMPLIFIER
Q103	FM LOCAL OSCILATOR	SE3001	2SA640
			MIC AMPLIFIER
			2SC1345
Q201	FM IF AMPLIFIER	2SC381	Q404
Q202	FM IF AMPLIFIER	2SC381	MIC AMPLIFIER
Q203	FM IF AMP & LIMITTER	$\mu$ PC556A	Q405
Q204	FM LIMITTER	TA7061AP	EMITTER FOLLOWER
Q205	FM AGC AMPLIFIER	2SC381	
Q206	FM SIGNAL METER AMPLIFIER	2SC381	2SC1345
Q207	FM MUTING DC AMPLIFIER	2SC372	
Q208	WIRED OR GATE FOR FM MUTING	2SC372	Q701
Q209	WIRED OR GATE FOR FM MUTING	2SC372	POWER AMPLIFIER
Q210	FM MUTING DC AMPLIFIER	2SC1000	2SA620
Q211	FM MUTING DC AMPLIFIER	2SA640	POWER AMPLIFIER
Q212	FM MUTING DC AMPLIFIER	2SC372	2SC959
Q213	FM MUTING DC AMPLIFIER	2SC372	POWER AMPLIFIER
Q214	FM STEREO DEMODULATOR	$\mu$ PC554C	2SC945
Q215	ACTIVE DUMMY LOAD	2SC735	Q702
Q216	FM AUDIO AMPLIFIER	2SC1000	POWER AMPLIFIER
Q217	FM AUDIO AMPLIFIER	2SC1000	2SA733
Q218	FM MUTING	2SK30	Q703
			POWER AMPLIFIER
Q301	AM RF AMPLIFIER	2SC381	Q704
Q302	AM MIXER & OSCILATOR	2SC372	Q705
Q303	AM IF AMPLIFIER	2SC372	POWER AMPLIFIER
Q304	AM IF AMPLIFIER	2SC372	2SC793
			Q706
			POWER AMPLIFIER
			2SA663
			Q707
			POWER AMPLIFIER
			2SB536
			Q708
			POWER AMPLIFIER
			Q709
			POWER AMPLIFIER
			Q710
			POWER AMPLIFIER
			Q801
			POWER SUPPLY
			2SC1345

#### DIODES

SYMBOL NO.	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL NO.	DESCRIPTION
D1	RECTIFIER	HIFI SPECIAL	D301
D2	RECTIFIER	HIFI SPECIAL	D302
D3	RECTIFIER	HIFI SPECIAL	D303
D4	RECTIFIER	HIFI SPECIAL	D304
D5	RECTIFIER	IN4003	TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION
D6	RECTIFIER	IN4003	KB265
			D305
			AGC DETECTOR
			IS1554
			D306
			AUDIO & METER DETECTOR
			IS188
			D307
			METER PROTECTION
			IS188
			D308
			AGC DETECTOR
			IS188
D201	CHECK POINT DETECTOR	IS188	
D202	FM LIMITTER	IS188	D701
D203	CHECK POINT DETECTOR	IS188	POWER AMPLIFIER
D204	FM RATIO DETECTOR	IS188	WZ-120
D205	FM RATIO DETECTOR	IS188	D702
D206	AGC DETECTOR	IS188	POWER AMPLIFIER
D207	AGC DETECTOR	IS188	SV-03
D208	FM METER DETECTOR	IS188	D703
D209	TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION	KB265	POWER AMPLIFIER
D210	VOLTAGE STABILIZER	WZ120	IS1554
			D704
			POWER AMPLIFIER
			D705
			POWER AMPLIFIER
			D706
			POWER AMPLIFIER
			D707
			POWER AMPLIFIER
			IS1554
			D801
			POWER SUPPLY
			IN4003
			D802
			POWER SUPPLY
			CZ-117

#### VARIABLE RESISTORS

SYMBOL NO.	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL NO.	DESCRIPTION
VR1	100K-A (with S7)	FOR MIC MIXING	VR301
VR2	200K-BX2 with C.T.	FOR VOLUME CONT.	VR601
VR3	50K-B	FOR TONE CONT.	VR701
VR201	4.7K-B SEMI FIXED	FOR FM IF GAIN	4.7K-B SEMI FIXED
VR202	470 $\Omega$ -B SEMI FIXED	FOR FM MUTING LEVEL	330 $\Omega$ -B SEMI FIXED
VR203	4.7K $\Omega$ -B SEMI FIXED	FOR FM SEPARATION	FOR POWER AMP.
			FOR POWER AMP.

#### SWITCHES

SYMBOL NO.	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL NO.	DESCRIPTION
S1	4-8-6 ROTARY SW	FUNCTION	S8
S2	2-3 LEVER SW	LOW CUT	6-3 LEVER SW
C3	2-3 LEVER SW	HIGH CUT	DUBBING
S4	2-3 LEVER SW	LOUDNESS	S10 2-4-6 ROTARY SW
S5	2-2 LEVER SW	MUTING	S11 2-2 POWER
S6	6-3 LEVER SW	MODE	S201 2-2 SLIDE SW
S7	(WITH VR1)	MIC MIXING	FM DE EMPHASIS

#### TRANSFORMERS & FILTERS

SYMBOL NO.	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL NO.	DESCRIPTION
T101	FM IF TRANS	T302	AM OSCILATOR TRANS
T201	FM IF TRANS	T303	YXR-18909GN
T202	FM IF TRANS	T304	101AC-101A
T203	FM DISCRIMINATOR TRANS	V4FCC-20693BCV	YMC-15002A
T204	FM METER TRANS	TKAC-14733K	F201 FM IF FILTER
T205	19KHz TRANS	02-1138	CF-10M12C
T206	38KHz TRANS	02-1139	CF-10M12C
T207	19KHz TRANS	02-1138	F203 FM LOW-PASS FILTER
T301	AM RF TRANS	YXR-19030BD	LUX-14562
		F301	AM IF FILTER
			CFT-455B

#### SPECIFICATIONS

##### AUDIO SECTION

CIRCUIT:	Fully complementary direct coupled D.C. output amp utilising dual rail power supply	IHF SENSITIVITY:	1.8µV
RMS POWER:	40/40Watts (8ohms both channel driven) 45/45Watts (4ohms both channel driven)	SENSITIVITY FOR 50dB S/N:	3.8µV
T.H.D:	<0.05% (8ohms, 40Watts) <0.05% (4ohms, 45Watts)	ULTIMATE S/N:	70dB
FREQUENCY RESPONSE:	15Hz - 35KHz (-1dB) 5Hz - 75KHz (-3dB)	THD, Mono:	0.3% (at 400Hz)
POWER BANDWIDTH:	6Hz - 40KHz (0.1%, -3dB)	Stereo:	0.4% (at 400Hz)
INPUT SENSITIVITY:	PHONO 1, PHONO 2, 2.3mV (at 40Watts, 8ohms)	ALTERNATE CHANNEL SELECTIVITY:	70dB
	AUX 1, AUX 2, 150mV (at 40Watts, 8ohms)	IF REJECTION:	90dB
	TAPE MONITOR 1, 2, 150mV (at 40Watts, 8ohms)	IMAGE REJECTION:	90dB
	MIC, 2mV (at 40Watts, 8ohms)	SPIURIOUS RESPONSE REJECTION:	90dB
REC OUT:	RCA type pin-plug 150mV, 100ohms DIN pin-plug 30mV, 80Kohms	AM SUPPRESSION:	55dB
EQUALIZER CURVE:	R.I.A.A.	CAPTURE RATIO:	1.3dB
PERMISSIBLE PHONO INPUT VOLTAGE:	100mV at 1KHz	STEREO SEPARATION:	(400Hz) 40dB FROM 100Hz TO 10KHz: 30dB
TONE CONTROL:	Treble & Bass Lux type NF tone control turnover frequency	MUTING THRESHOLD:	7uV
	Treble: 3KHz ±9.5dB Bass: 300Hz ±10.5dB	STEREO THRESHOLD:	7uV
FILTER:	LOW CUT 70Hz, 20Hz 6dB/oct. HIGH CUT 6KHz, 12KHz 6dB/oct.	FREQUENCY RESPONSE (MONO AND STEREO):	30 to 15,000Hz -0.2 dB -1.5
LOUDNESS CONTROL:	YES	■ AM SECTION	
SN RATIO:	Phono 1, Phone 2 > 65dB MIC 60dB Aux 1, Aux 2 > 85dB Monitor > 85dB	IHF SENSITIVITY:	14uV
RESIDUAL NOISE:	<0.9mV; 85dB	S/N RATIO:	48dB
ACCESSORIES:	Head-phone Jack, Mode Selector (stereo- rev-mix) AC outlet, Voltage selector (100, 120, 220, 240V) Speaker selector (A, B, C, A+B, A+C) Dual monitor circuit (useful for tape to tape dubbing) Protection circuit for amp. Mic Mixing, etc. De-emphasis switch (50/75usec.) for universal type.	IF REJECTION:	85dB
		IMAGE REJECTION:	72dB
		THD:	0.6%

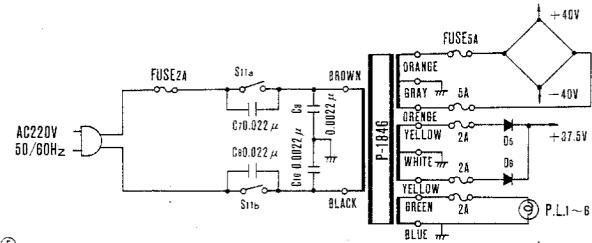
##### GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

POWER REQUIREMENTS:	100/120/220/240V 50-50Hz AC
POWER CONSUMPTION:	35-160 V. A.
DIMENSIONS:	(W) 480mm (18-1/2") x (D) 360mm (14-3/16") x (H) 345mm (13-5/8")

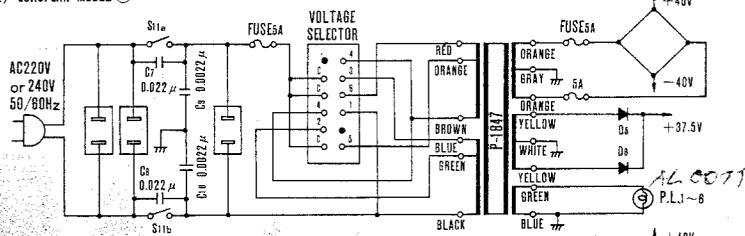
*[Signature]*

POWER SUPPLY DIAGRAM FOR THE THREE MODELS

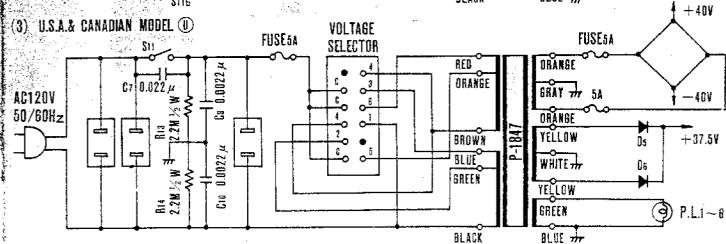
(1) SEMODEL ⑤



(2) EUROPEAN MODEL ①



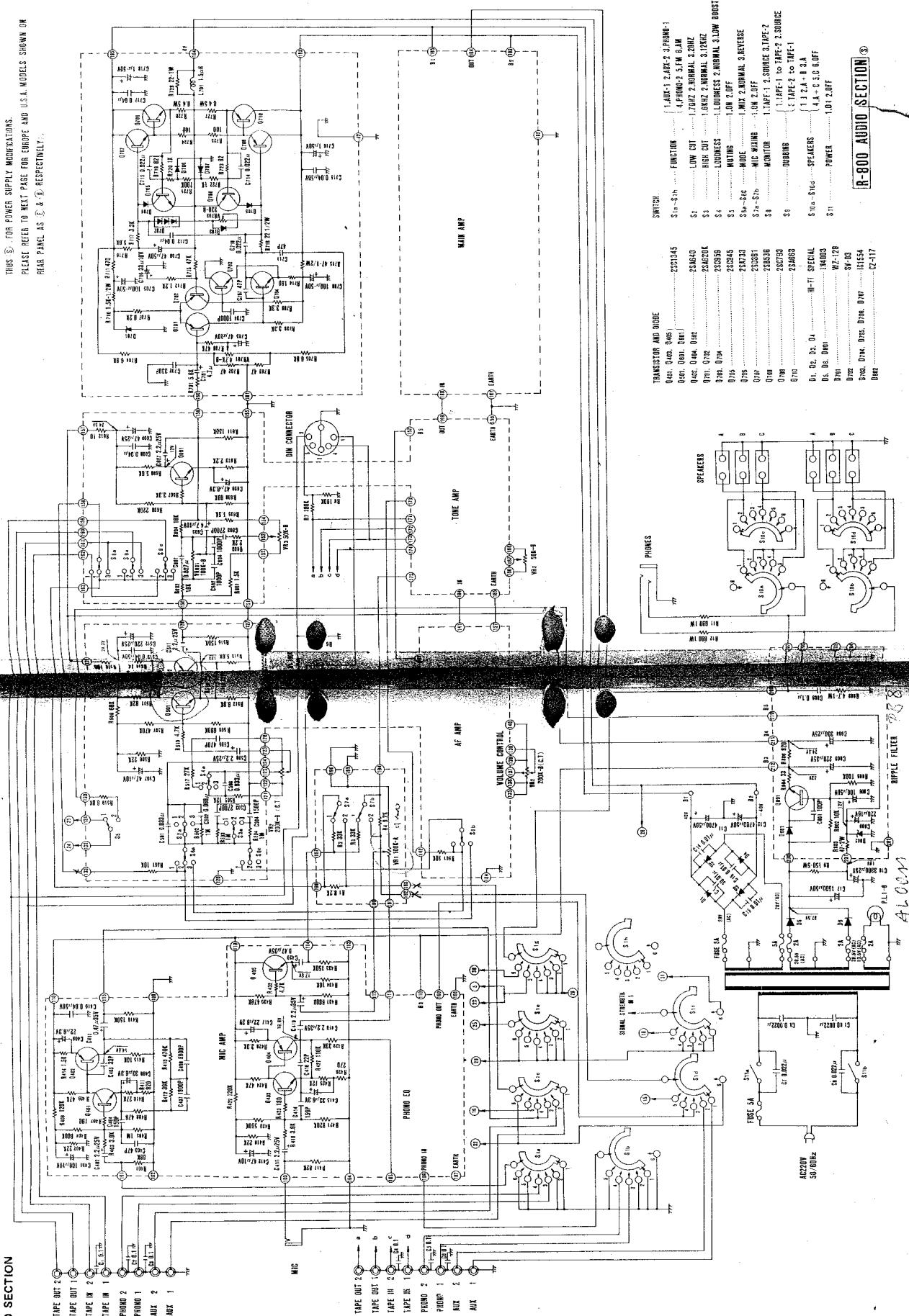
(3) U.S.A. & CANADIAN MODEL ⑩



AM/FM STEREO RECEIVER  
MODEL R800  
CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

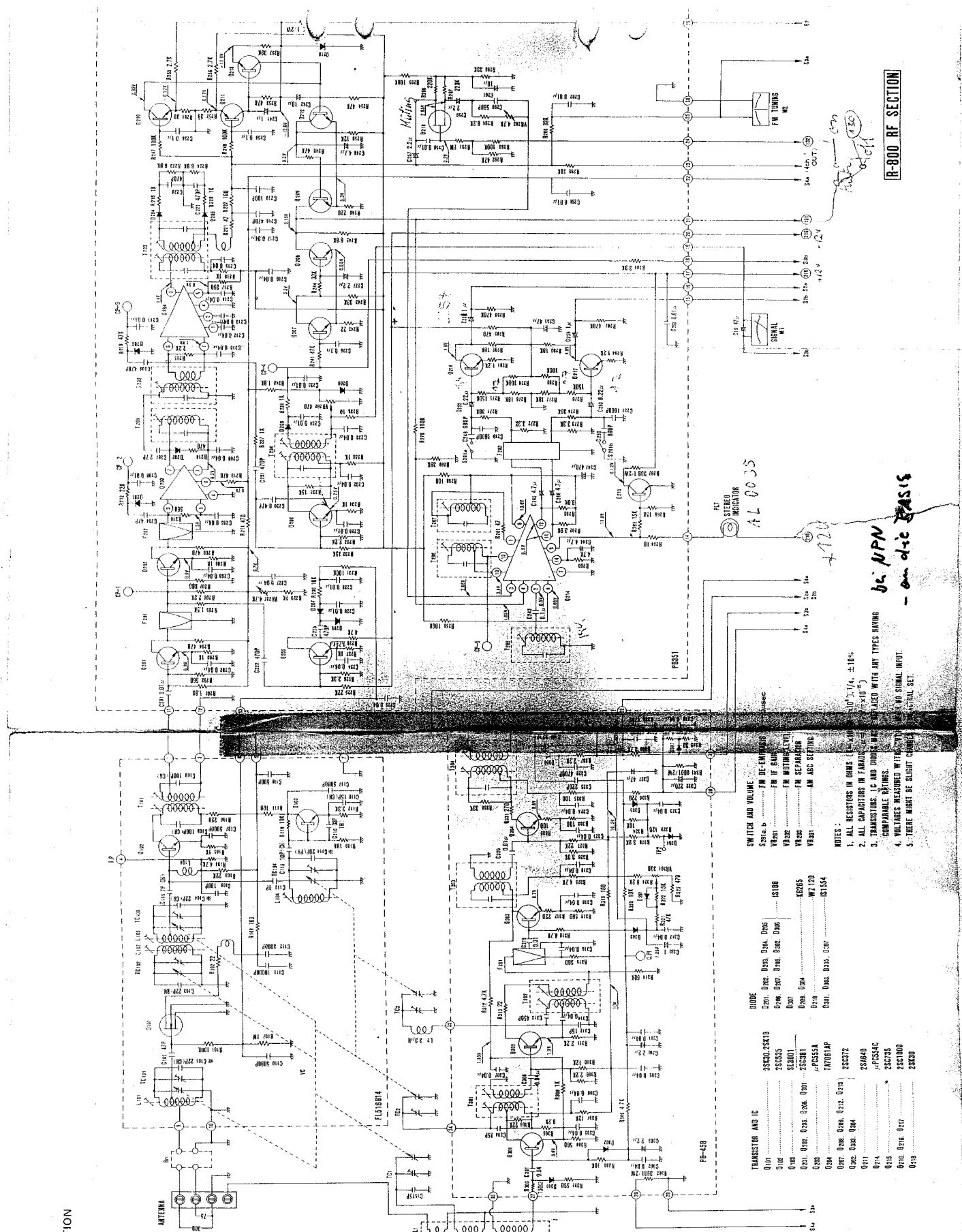
AUDIO SECTION

THIS DIAGRAM APPLIES ONLY TO "SEMIK" MODELS SHOWN ON REAR PANEL  
THUS  $\S$  FOR POWER SUPPLY MODIFICATIONS.  
PLEASE REFER TO NEXT PAGE FOR EUROPE AND U.S.A. MODELS SHOWN ON  
REAR PANEL AS  $\S$  &  $\S$  RESPECTIVELY.





RF SECTION



R-800 RF SECTION

**COMPARABLE RATINGS.** 4. VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH NO SIGNAL INPUT.  
5. THERE MIGHT BE SLIGHT CHANGES IN SIGNAL SET

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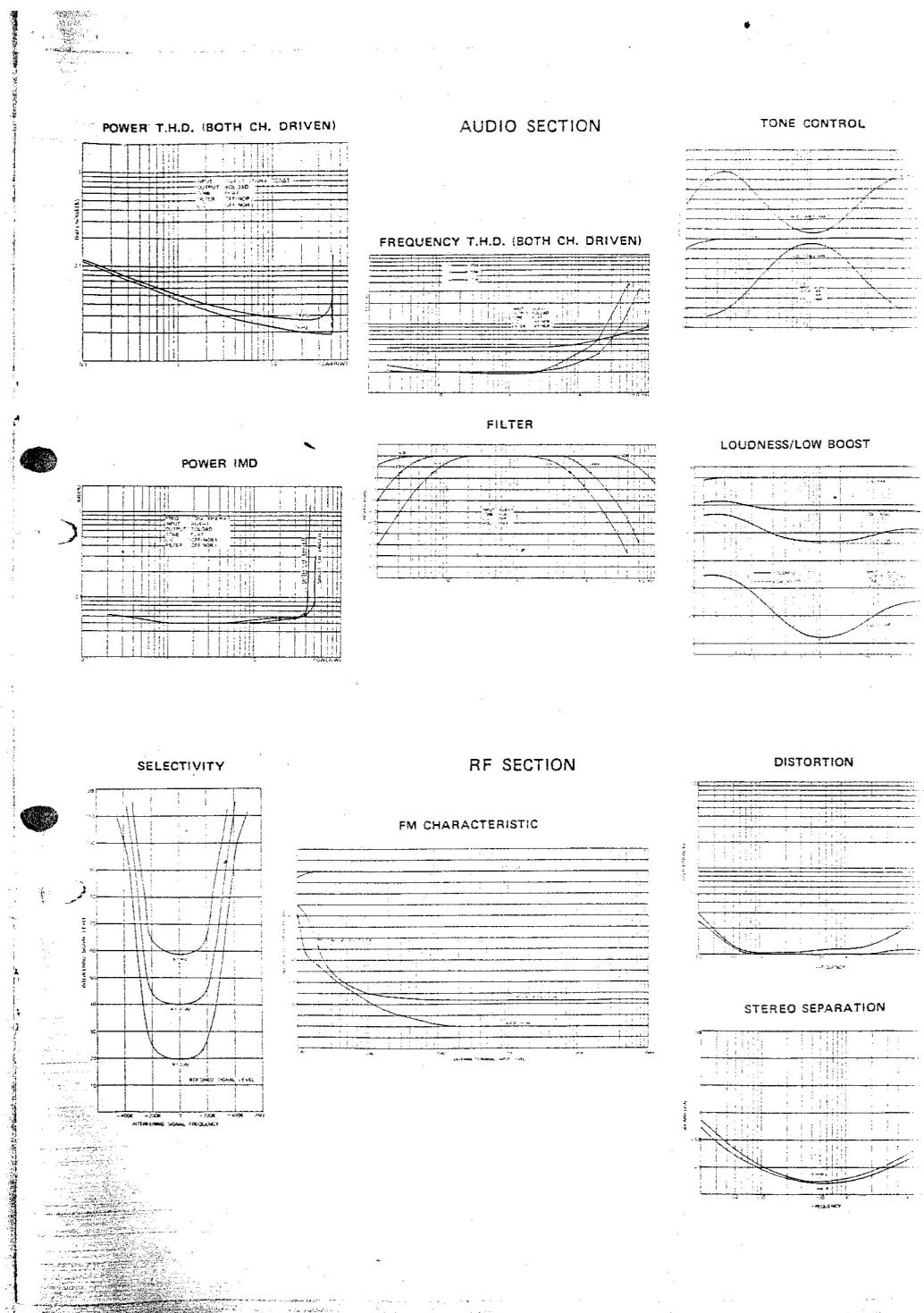
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## LUX CORPORATION, JAPAN

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